

**SEC. 10. RESTRICTIONS ON EXPORT, REEXPORT, AND IN-COUNTRY TRANSFERS OF CERTAIN ITEMS AND SERVICES THAT CAN BE USED BY THE GOVERNMENT OF CHINA TO SUPPRESS INDIVIDUAL PRIVACY, FREEDOM, AND OTHER BASIC HUMAN RIGHTS.**

(a) **STATEMENT OF POLICY.**—It is the policy of the United States to protect the basic human rights of Uighurs and other ethnic minorities in China.

(b) **LIST OF COVERED ITEMS AND SERVICES.**—

(1) **IN GENERAL.**—Not later than 120 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, and on a periodic basis thereafter, the President—

(A) shall identify those items and services that can be used by the Government of China, or any person acting on behalf of the Government of China, to suppress individual privacy, freedom, and other basic human rights, specifically through—

(i) surveillance, interception, and restriction of communications;

(ii) monitoring of individual location or movement or restricting individual movement;

(iii) monitoring or restricting access to and use of the internet;

(iv) monitoring or restricting use of social media;

(v) identification of individuals through facial recognition, voice recognition, or biometric indicators; and

(vi) detention of individuals who are peacefully exercising basic human rights; and

(B) shall exercise the authority under the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.) to include items and services identified pursuant to subparagraph (A) on the Commerce Control List in a category separate from other items and services on the Commerce Control List.

(2) SUPPORT AND COOPERATION.—Upon request, the head of a Federal agency shall provide full support and cooperation to the President in carrying out this subsection.

(c) LICENSE OR OTHER AUTHORIZATION.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Beginning not later than 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act, the President shall exercise the authority under the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801 et seq.) to require a license or other authorization for the export, reexport, or in-country transfer of an item or service identified pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(A) and included on the Commerce Control List pursuant to subsection (b)(1)(B).

(2) PRESUMPTION OF DENIAL.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—An application for a license or other authorization described in paragraph (1) shall be subject to a presumption of denial.

(B) EXCEPTION.—An application described in subparagraph (A) may be considered if the applicant certifies that it will not export, reexport, or provide for an in-country transfer of any item or service to which the application relates to China or with respect to China.

(d) DEFINITIONS.—In this section:

(1) COMMERCE CONTROL LIST.—The term “Commerce Control List” means the list set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations.

(2) EXPORT, IN-COUNTRY TRANSFER, ITEM, AND REEXPORT.—The terms “export”, “in-country transfer”, “item”, and “reexport” have the meanings given such terms in section 1742 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4801)

(3) SERVICE.—The term “service”, with respect to an item, means any service relating to the item.

(e) TERMINATION OF SUSPENSIONS.—Paragraph (1) of section 902(b) of the Foreign Relations Authorization Act, Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101–246; 22 U.S.C. 2151 note) is amended—

(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A), by inserting “and Xinjiang Uighur Autonomous Region” after “Tibet”;

(2) in subparagraph (D), by striking “and” after the semicolon at the end;

(3) in subparagraph (E), by striking “or” after the semicolon at the end and inserting “and”; and

(4) by adding the following new subparagraph:

“(F) the ending of the mass internment of ethnic Uighurs and other Turkic Muslims in Xinjiang Uighur Autonomous Region, including the intrusive system of high-tech surveillance and policing in the region; or”.