Amendment to the Chairman's Mark

Offered by Representatives Dingell, Van Hollen, Yarmuth, Moore, Castor, McDermott, Lee, Pocan, Lujan Grisham, Moulton

Emergency Assistance for Families in Flint, Michigan

1. Increase outlays for the following functions in millions of dollars to reflect designated emergency funding provided in 2016, with required non-federal matching funds from the state, to address the drinking water crisis in Flint, Michigan, by assisting families with infrastructure repairs, economic development, education, health monitoring, mitigating environmental health and safety issues, and providing resources to pregnant women and new mothers. Allow the state of Michigan and any other state with an emergency declaration due to contaminants in public drinking water to use its 2016 Drinking Water State Revolving Fund allotment to forgive outstanding debt on loans incurred prior to this fiscal year and lift the 20 percent cap on the amount of the allotment that can be utilized for principal forgiveness.

Function 300

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
ВА										
Outlays	89.967	51.609	15.821	5.050	4.244					

Function 450

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
ВА										
Outlays	11.907	6.831	2.094	0.668	0.562					

Function 500

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
ВА										
Outlays	119.074	68.306	20.940	6.684	5.617					

Function 550

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026
BA										
Outlays	21.169	12.143	3.723	1.188	0.999					

2. Make all necessary and conforming changes to the Chairman's mark.

3. Amend the committee report to reflect the following policy assumptions:

The public health crisis related to contaminated drinking water in Flint, Michigan, requires immediate – and possibly future – additional resources. As a first step, the resolution assumes \$457.5 million in emergency funding will be provided for 2016 to address the drinking water crisis and assist families affected by lead exposure. Specifically, the resolution reflects outlays associated with \$170 million provided for water infrastructure projects and subsidized loans and grants for any state that receives an emergency declaration due to a public health threat from lead exposure. It also reflects \$12.5 million provided for Community Development Block Grants to revitalize the local economy by addressing a variety of needs related to job creation, poverty elimination, housing, and public services. Providing additional education resources is necessary to treat lead exposure, and the resolution reflects \$225 million for expanded early childhood and other educational services that are essential to helping children who have been affected. In addition, the resolution reflects \$40 million provided for a registry to monitor the health of residents in communities with lead contamination in the local drinking water system and to create an advisory committee to review federal efforts related to lead poisoning. It also reflects \$10 million for grants to states to identify and mitigate a variety of environmental health and safety issues and connects pregnant women and new mothers with health care and childhood development resources.